

MOVEMENT COSTS

| Terrain Type Entered | OP Cost For: | INF.* DIS.CAV. | INF. COL | MTD CAV. | LIMB. ART. | UNLIMB.* ART |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Clear, Ridge, | | | | | | |
| Bridge | | 4(5) | 2(3) | 1(2) | 2(3) | P* |
| Breastworks, | Hedge, | | | | | |
| Rough, Villag | e | | | | | |
| Fence | | 5(7) | 3(5) | 3(5) | 4(6) | Pot |
| Woods[1] | | 6(8) | 4(6) | 5(7) | 6(8) | P* |
| Road[2] | | NA | 1 | 1 | 1 | P* |
| Water | | P | P | P | P | P* |
| Ravine | | 6(8) | 4(6) | 4(6) | 6(8) | P* |
| Town | | P | P | P | P | P* |
| Swamp | | 7(9) | 5(7) | 6(8) | [3] | P* |
| Creek | | 5(7) | 3(5) | 3(5) | 5(7) | P* |
| Higher Eleva | tion | +1 | +1 | +1 | +2 | P* |
| Per Level [4] | | | | | | |
| Enter ZOC | | +3 | +3 | +1 | +3 | P* |
| Leave ZOC | | +1 | +1 | +1 | +1 | P* |
| ZOC to ZOC | 5] | +2 | +2 | +2 | +2 | P* |

[1] Most British units pay one additional OP to enter woods squares.

[2] To be eligible for road movement rate, a unit must be in Column, Mounted, or Limbered formation and be moving either horizontally or vertically (not diagonally) from one road square to another. Infantry in line/dismounted cavalry pay OP for the normal (non-road) terrain type in the square.

[3] Requires all of the units OP. May only be entered if the unit performs no other action that

phase and has a minimum of 1 OP.

[4] Penalty is for each change in elevation. Entering a square that is one elevation higher would cost one additional OP. Entering a square which is two elevations higher will cost two addi-

ional OP and so on.

[5] To be eligible for ZOC to ZOC movement, the unit must be entering a friendly-occupied square. Movement penalties are cumulative. The moving unit must pay the cost to leave a ZOC, plus the cost to enter a ZOC, plus the ZOC to ZOC movement cost, plus the normal cost to enter that terrain type. ZOC to ZOC movement is normally permitted for units with insufficient OP to pay the movement cost, if it is the only action the unit performs in a phase and if that unit has at least 1 OP.

Numbers shown in parenthesis () are for diagonal movement.

P = Prohibited.

NA = Not Applicable.

EFFICIENCY TABLE

| ACTION | COST | |
|------------------------------------|------|--|
| Unit moved onto by Routing unit | -8 | |
| Unit moved onto by retreating unit | -3 | |
| Unit retreats | -3 | |
| Unit stacked with unit that Routs | -15 | |
| Per casualties of 3 men* | -2 | |
| Unit changes formation | -2 | |
| Unit changes formation in ZOC | -2 | |
| Unit Advances | +2 | |

^{*}For units with less than 400 men. If a unit has over 400 men, the Efficiency loss is equal to: 2/3 (men lost) \times 400/(# of men in unit).

ACTION COSTS

| Action OP Cost | INF.* | INF. | MTD | LIMB. U | JNLIMB.* |
|--|-----------|------|------|---------|----------|
| Performed For: | DIS. CAV. | COL | CAV. | ART. | ART |
| Change Facing | +1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | +1 |
| Change Formation to Column, Mounted, or | | 27.4 | 7.37 | AT/A | |
| Limbered* Change Formation to | 2 | NA | NA | N/A | 2 |
| Line, Dismounted, or | | | | | |
| Unlimbered* | NA | 4 | 4 | 4* | N/A |
| Fortify[6] | +8* | P | P | P | +8* |
| Fire in Fire Phase | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | P |
| Melee (attacker) | 4 | 4 | 4 | P | P' |
| Melee (defender) | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4' |

[6] Used in ADVANCED GAME only.

NA = Not Applicable.

P = Prohibited.

FATIGUE TABLE

| Action | | Cost | |
|-------------------------------|----|--------------|-----------|
| Fire and Melee Combat | | | 7 |
| Infantry and Cavalry | | +3 | |
| Artillery | | +8 | |
| Enter Clear, Village, Bridge, | | | |
| Rough, or Road* square | | +1 | |
| Enter Woods, Swamp, Creek, | g. | | |
| or Ravine Square | | +2 | |
| Cross Fence or Hedge | | +1 | |
| Enter Higher Terrain | | +1 per eleva | tion gain |
| Fortify | | +15 | |

^{*}Only applies if unit is eligible for road movement rate. Units in road movement have a 50 percent chance of getting 1 Fatigue point per move. Units not using road movement are penalized Fatigue cost for the non-road terrain type of the square.

WEAPON/RANGE CASUALTY TABLE

| | | RANGE IN SQUARES | | | | | |
|--------------|---------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| WEAPON TYPE | ABBREV. | 1 | 2 | 3-4 | 5-6 | 7-8 | 9-12 |
| Rifle | RFL | 3.5 | 3 | .5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Musket | MSK | 3 | .5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Carbine | CRB | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 Pound Gun | 3PD | 4.5 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 Pound Gun | 6PD | 8.5 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 1 | .5 |
| 12 Pound Gun | 12P | 15 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 1 |
| 24 Pound Gun | 24P | 19 | 9.5 | 7 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 1 |
| Mortar | MTR | .5 | .5 | 3 | 4.5 | 1.5 | .5 |

The number under the range column for each weapon type is the number of casualties that weapon will inflict at that range per 100 men or per gun firing. These casualties are modified by other factors. Refer to Section 20.6.

^{*} Not applicable to BASIC GAME.